

Alliance for a Healthier South Carolina

Healthy Minds

Measure	Detailed Measure	Baseline Year	Baseline Value	2014	2015	2016	Explanation	Improvement from Last Year	Target 2020	Data Source	Type of Data
Increase percentage of Medicaid recipients who are prescribed antidepressants who use the drugs for at least the minimum recommended time	Antidepressant medication management: Effective Acute Phase Treatment and Effective Continuation Phase Treatment	2014	Acute: 40.5% Cont.: 24.8%	Acute: 40.5% Cont.: 24.8%	Acute: 43.19% Cont.: 27.54%	Acute: 39.59% Cont.: 23.18%	39.59% of people with depression who needed and received antidepressant prescriptions used them for the minimum recommended time.	No	Acute: 55% Cont.: 40%	USC-IFS/Medicaid	Medicaid Claims Data
Reduce days behaviorally ill people spend at hospital due to primary care-preventable conditions	Average annual length of stay in ED & IP due to ambulatory care sensitive conditions for patients with a history of behavioral health (SC residents)	2013	2.83	2.76	2.78	2.73	People with mental health and substance abuse issues spent 2.73 days in the hospital for reasons related to their primary care needs.	Yes	2.55	RFA,DMH,DAODAS	Linkage of Claims Data from RFA, DMH, DAODAS
Reduce percentage of low-income adults who spend 8 days or more out of 30 feeling mentally ill	Proportion of those with at least 8 mentally unhealthy days in the last 30 days among adults in SC who have an annual income of less than \$15,000	2012	26.43%	26.43%	21.19%	21.80%	21.80% of adults with annual income below \$15k spent more than a week in the last month feeling mentally ill.	Yes	25.00%	BRFSS - DHEC	Survey Data An ongoing, monthly telephone survey of the non-institutionalized adult (aged 18 years or older) population